



Objective: Finding the Rate of Change / Slope of a Linear Function

Homework FN4 – The Doctor’s Dark Journey to Rate of Change Practice

Do Now: Use the table at the right.

1. Write the next two lines of the table.
2. Write a function rule for the table.
3. Does the range have any negative values?

| x | y |
|---|----|
| 2 | 6 |
| 3 | 11 |
| 4 | 18 |
| 5 | 27 |

Exam Prep: The range of the $y = x^2 - 3$ whose domain is {2, 4, 6} is:

- A) {-1, 1, 3} B) {1, 5, 9} C) {1, 1, 9} D) {1, 13, 33}

The **Rate of change** of a function is the relationship between the dependent variable (y) and independent variable (x). It can be obtained from an equation, table or graph.

$$\text{Rate of Change} = \text{slope} = m = \frac{\text{dependent change}}{\text{independent change}} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta y} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Finding Rate of Change on a Table

To find rate of change in a table, choose any coordinates and observe how the x and y values change.

Here the rate of change is $\frac{3}{2}$ because as the y-value increases by 3, the x-value increases by 2.

| x | y |
|----|----|
| -2 | 1 |
| 0 | 4 |
| 2 | 7 |
| 4 | 11 |
| 6 | 15 |

(Note: In the original image, red arrows indicate a change of +2 in x and +3 in y between consecutive rows.)

Try it Out: Find the Rate of Change

| | | |
|-----------|----|----|
| 1. | x | y |
| | 0 | 6 |
| | 1 | 8 |
| | 2 | 10 |
| | 3 | 12 |
| 4 | 14 | |
| m = _____ | | |

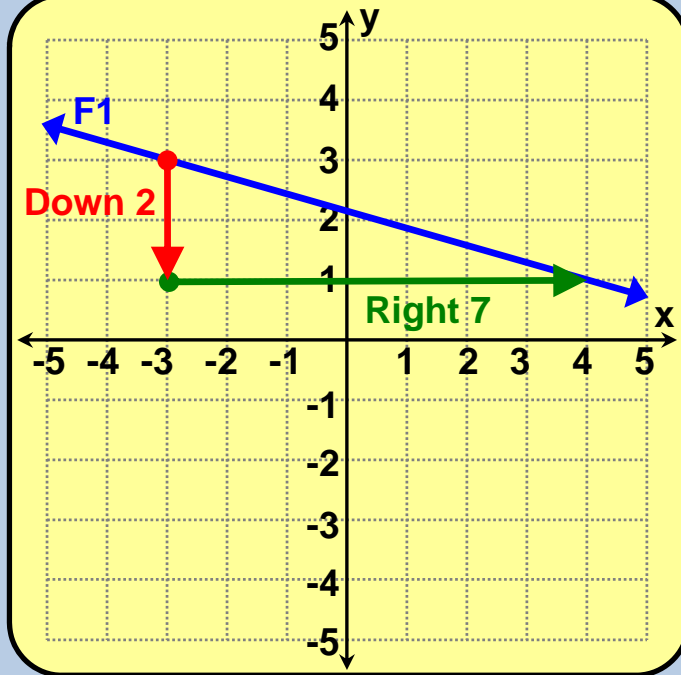
| | | |
|-----------|----|---|
| 2. | x | y |
| | -2 | 3 |
| | -1 | 3 |
| | 0 | 3 |
| | 1 | 3 |
| 2 | 3 | |
| m = _____ | | |

| | | |
|-----------|-----|----|
| 3. | x | y |
| | 3 | 10 |
| | 5 | 5 |
| | 7 | 0 |
| | 9 | -5 |
| 11 | -10 | |
| m = _____ | | |

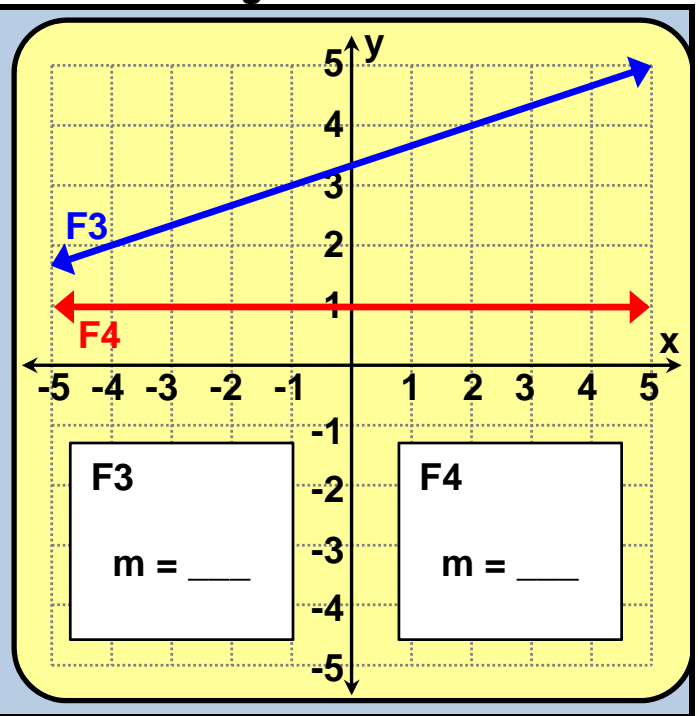
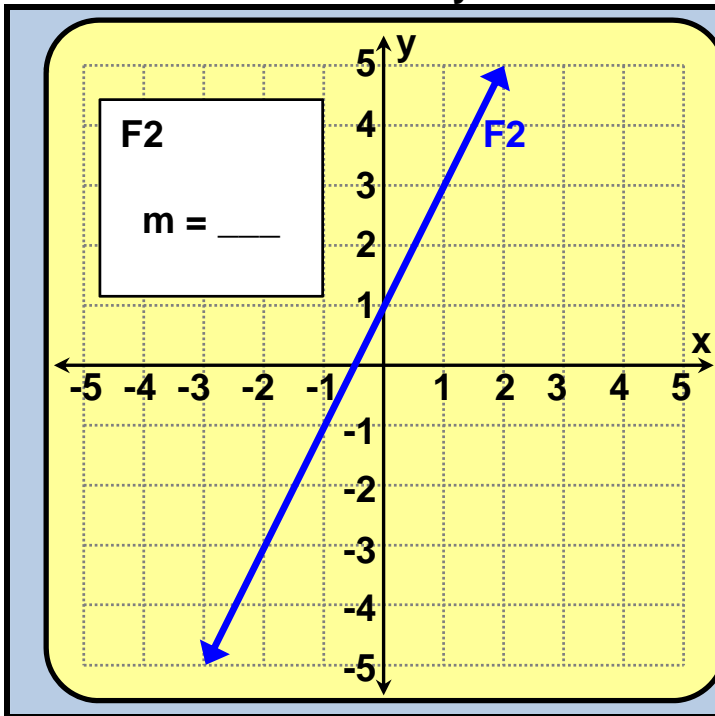
Find it on a Graph

To find the rate of change on a graph, just pick any two points and visually follow the path from left to right.

Here the rate of change of F1 is $-\frac{2}{7}$ because as the y-value decreases by 2, the x-value increases by 7.



Try it Out: Find the Rate of Change



Find it in an Equation

In an equation, the rate of change is always the coefficient of x.

In the equation $y = 3x + 2$, the rate is $m = 3$.

1. $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 1$ $m =$

2. $y = -10$ $m =$

3. $y = 20x + 20$ $m =$

A Very Special Note from The Doctor

When looking for the rate of change in a table, on a graph, or in an equation you must remember that all three representations of a function give you access to coordinates. At any time you may choose two coordinates and plug them into the formula given.



$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

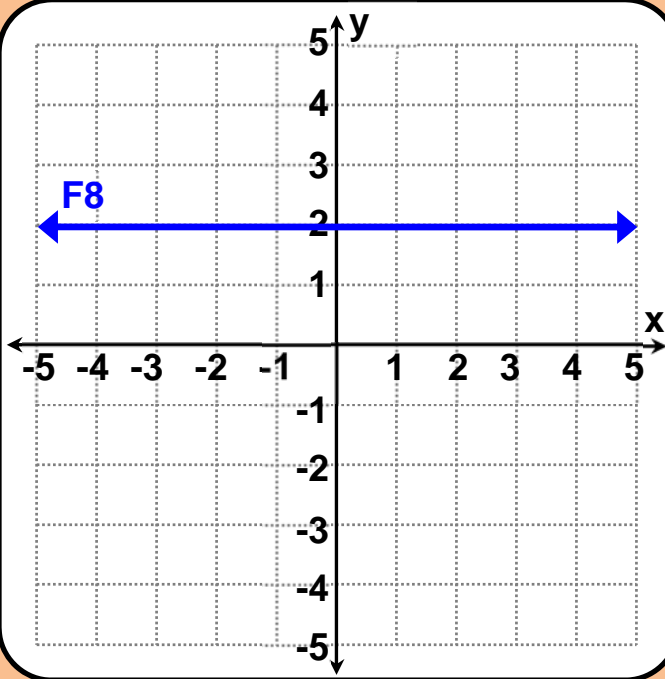
Ex: Using (3, 4) and (1, 7), you get $m = \frac{7 - 4}{1 - 3}$ This is $m = -\frac{3}{2}$

| | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <p>Try it out!</p> <p>Show Substitution!</p> <p>Compare to earlier work!</p> | <p>1. (2, 5) and (6, 5)</p> | <p>2. (-1, 16) and (3, 9)</p> | <p>3. (-2, 3) and (-2, 0)</p> |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|

Compare Functions: Which has a Greater Rate of Change

| | <p>F6</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #f8d7da;">x</th> <th style="background-color: #f8d7da;">y</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>16</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>20</td></tr> </tbody> </table> | x | y | 1 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 12 | 7 | 16 | 9 | 20 | <p><u>First find m.</u></p> <p>F5: $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$</p> <p>F6: $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$</p> <p>F7: $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$</p> |
|---|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|----|---|----|--|
| x | y | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 12 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 16 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>F7: $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 11$</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Compare "m" values using > or <.</p> | <p>F5 <input type="radio"/> F6</p> | <p>F6 <input type="radio"/> F7</p> | <p>F5 <input type="radio"/> F7</p> | | | | | | | | | | | |

More Practice Comparing Functions: Pairs in Different Representation



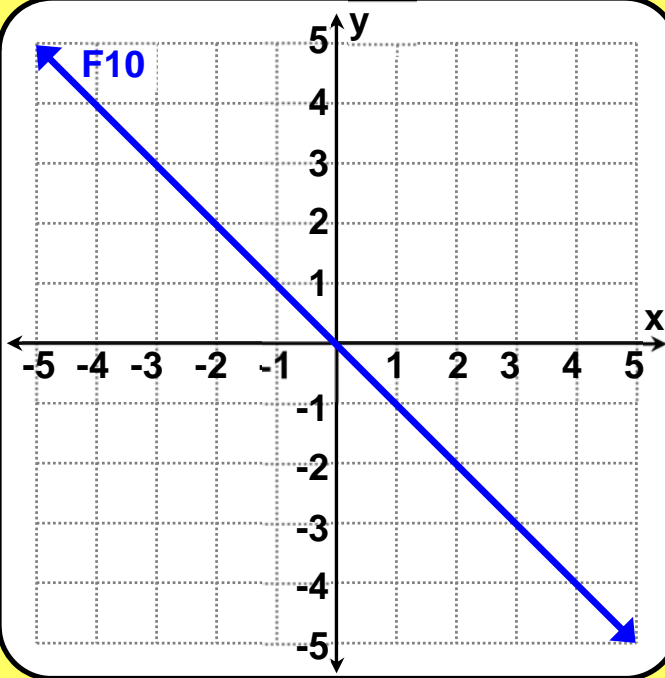
F8 $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Which has the greater rate of change?

F9

| x | y |
|----|----|
| 10 | 11 |
| 12 | 33 |
| 14 | 55 |
| 16 | 77 |
| 18 | 99 |

$m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



F10 $m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Which has the greater rate of change?

F11

$$y = x + 1$$

$m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



F12

| x | y |
|----|-----|
| 1 | 1 |
| 5 | -2 |
| 9 | -5 |
| 13 | -8 |
| 17 | -11 |

$m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

F13 $y = -\frac{4}{3}x + 1$

$m = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Which has the greater rate of change?